Name: $\qquad$

There are 5 questions on this exam. Please do all 5.

1. [25 points] Data representation
(a) Consider the following geographic features relevant to water resources. Briefly explain, illustrating your explanation with sketches, how each could be represented using either a vector and a raster data representation, or as a vector and time series graph representation. For each attribute indicate which representation (raster or vector) is preferable?
(i) River
(ii) Lake
(iii) Stream gage
(iv) Topographic elevation
(v) Streamflow
(vi) Rainfall.
(b). The National Elevation Dataset (NED) provides nationwide digital elevation model coverage in geographic coordinates at 1 arc second resolution. You are working at a location with latitude 41 degrees north and longitude 111 degrees west. You need to perform some calculations from a NED digital elevation model and need to know the cell size on the earth’s surface. Calculate the size of each NED grid cell assuming a spherical earth with radius 6370 km . To completely quantify size you need to report the following:
(i) N-S grid cell length (in meters)
(ii) E-W grid cell width (in meters)
(iii) Grid cell area (in square meters)
2. [20 points] Geodesy
(a) The map below shows Utah and the display parameters of the State Plane coordinate system for the Utah Central Zone. Sketch on the map the standard parallels, the central meridian and the latitude of origin of this projection.


| Name: | NAD_1983_StatePlane_Utah_Centra__ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Details: |  |
| Remarks: |  |
| Projection: Lambert_Conformal_Conic |  |
| Parameters: |  |
| False_Easting: 1640416.666667 |  |
| False_Northing: 6561666.666667 |  |
| Central_Meridian: - 111.500000 |  |
| Standard_Parallel_1: 39.016667 |  |
| Standard_Parallel_2: 40.650000 |  |
| Latitude_Of_Origin: 38.333333 |  |
| Linear Unit: Foot_US (0.304801) |  |
| Geographic Coordinate System: Name: GCS_North_American_1983 |  |
|  |  |

(b) For this projection, the coordinates of the origin $\left(\phi_{0}, \lambda_{0}\right)=$
and the corresponding $\left(\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{o}}, \mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{o}}\right)=$
(c) What earth datum is used in this coordinate system?
(d) What map projection is used in this coordinate system?
(e) The image below shows the Arc Hydro geodatabase that you created for the San Marcos basin. In the space to the right, briefly describe each row in this geodatabase description

```
G] SanMarcos_ArcHydro.mdb
    \square-7 ArcHydro
    ITr HydroEdge
    \because- HydroJunction
    \square+ HydroJunctionHasMonitoringPoint
    O- HydrolunctionHasWaterbody
    \square
    * HydroNetwork
    \because- HydroNetwork_Junctions
    \because- MonitoringPoint
    \ Waterbody
    \square] Watershed
    O-}\mathrm{ MonitoringPointHasTimeSeries
    国 TimeSeries
    国 TSType
    TSTypeHasTimeSeries
```


## 3. [15 points] Hurricane Katrina

The map and attribute table below show the path of hurricane Katrina.


| Day_ | Latitude | Longitude | WindMPH | CenterMB | Direction | SpeedMPH |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Wed Aug 24 10AM | 24.7 | -76.7 | 40 | 1006 | NNW | 8 |
| Wed Aug 24 10PM | 26 | -78 | 50 | 1001 | W | 8 |
| Thur Aug 25 10AM | 26.2 | -79.3 | 60 | 997 | W | 6 |
| Thur Aug 25 10PM | 25.5 | -80.7 | 75 | 984 | SW | 8 |
| Fri Aug 26 10AM | 25.1 | -82.2 | 80 | 981 | W | 7 |
| Fri Aug 26 10PM | 24.6 | -83.6 | 105 | 965 | WSW | 8 |
| Sat Aug 27 10AM | 24.5 | -85 | 115 | 940 | W | 7 |
| Sat Aug 27 10PM | 25 | -86.2 | 115 | 939 | WNW | 7 |
| Sun Aug 28 10AM | 26 | -88.1 | 175 | 907 | WNW | 12 |
| Sun Aug 28 10PM | 27.6 | -89.4 | 160 | 904 | NNW | 10 |
| Mon Aug 29 10AM | 30.2 | -89.6 | 125 | 927 | N | 16 |
| Mon Aug 29 10PM | 33.5 | -88.5 | 60 | 973 | NNE | 22 |
| Tues Aug 30 10AM | 36.3 | -87.5 | 35 | 985 | NNE | 21 |

(1) Mark on the map and in the attribute table the period for which Katrina was a Category 3 hurricane or higher (Wind > 110 mph ).
(2) For what period of time (in hours) was Katrina a category 3 hurricane or higher?
(3) Approximately how far (in miles) did hurricane Katrina travel in this condition?

## 4. [20 points] Terrain Analysis

The grid below shows a mesh of terrain elevations

| 67 | 56 | 49 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 53 | 44 | 37 |
| 58 | 55 | 22 |

(1) Determine the flow direction in each cell and label it using the ESRI 8-direction pour point method (1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128)

(2) Draw the flow network showing lines from the center of each cell to the center of the cell to which it flows.

(3) Label each cell in the grid above with its flow accumulation (number of upstream cells).

## 5. [20 points] Spatial Analysis of Inundation

The grid below is a rough approximation of the ground elevations in an area exposed to flooding from failure of a dyke separating a lake from a city, such as occurred recently in New Orleans. Elevations are given in meters above sea level. The grid size is 100 m . The lake is mapped as being at sea level (elevation 0 m ). Suppose the enclosed area is flooded due to the lake level increasing to an elevation of 3 m and overtopping the protective dyke.

| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 3 | 2 | 1 | -1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 |

(a) Based on the elevations and information given, identify on the grid above (i) the lake, (ii) the dyke at 3 m elevation, and (iii) the outline of the depressed region protected by the dyke.
(b) Assume that the 3 m dyke is overtopped and that water at 3 m above sea level floods the depressed region. Answer the following questions:
(i) What is the maximum depth of flooding in the depressed region (meters)
(ii) What is the average depth of flooding in the depressed region (meters)
(iii) What is the area of the depressed region that is flooded $\left(\mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$
(iv) What is the volume of floodwater within the depressed region. $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$

