Name: $\qquad$

## GIS in Water Resources Midterm Quiz

Fall 2004
There are 5 questions on this exam. Please do all 5. They are of equal credit.

1. In exercises in this class you have developed the skills to build a basemap of information about watersheds. You have been asked to prepare a GIS basemap of a watershed from nationally available data sources. Your map should contain

- Elevation
- Slope
- Catchments
- Stream network
- Stream gages
- Precipitation gages
a) Some of these data are available from national data sources, while others you would need to derive from GIS processing. For each dataset above indicate how or where it would be obtained or derived.


## Elevation

Slope

## Catchments

## Stream network

## Stream gages

## Precipitation gages

b) Indicate the GIS format (grid, point, line, polygon etc) used to represent each dataset.

## Elevation

## Catchments

Stream gages

## Slope

## Stream network

## Precipitation gages

2. Logan, Utah is located at $41^{\circ} 44^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 111^{\circ} 50^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$.

Austin, Texas is located at $30^{\circ} 11^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 97^{\circ} 40^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$.
a) Convert these coordinates to decimal degrees and indicate which of these numbers represents longitude and which represents latitude by filling the corresponding decimal degree longitude and latitude into the following table

|  | Longitude | Latitude |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Logan |  |  |
| Austin |  |  |

b) Assume a spherical earth with radius of 3958 miles. Calculate the North-South distance from Logan to Austin.
(c) Suppose you have a rectangular box with Logan at the top left corner and Austin at the lower right corner. Calculate the surface area of the earth (square miles) contained within this box. State any assumptions or approximations.
3. The figure below depicts the channel networks, catchments and junctions within a river basin.

a) Assign a consistent set of Shape Length, Shape Area, HydroID, DrainID, NextDownID values in the following attribute tables to define the connectivity of this network as used in ArcHydro. Label the Catchments, Drainage Lines and Drainage Points with their HydroID's in the drawing.

Attributes of Drainage Line

| Shape | Shape Length | HydroID | NextDownID | DrainID |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Polyline |  |  |  |  |
| Polyline |  |  |  |  |
| Polyline |  |  |  |  |
| Polyline |  |  |  |  |
| Polyline |  |  |  |  |

Attributes of Drainage Point

| Shape | HydroID | DrainID |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Point |  |  |
| Point |  |  |
| Point |  |  |
| Point |  |  |
| Point |  |  |

Attributes of Catchment

| Shape | Shape Area | HydroID | NextDownID |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Polygon |  |  |  |
| Polygon |  |  |  |
| Polygon |  |  |  |
| Polygon |  |  |  |
| Polygon |  |  |  |

b) Evaluate the drainage density of this channel network.
4. Following are screen captures from the attribute tables of "Monitoring Points" and "Time Series" from Exercise 4.

| 围 Attributes of MonitoringPoint $\square$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | OBJECTID | Shape* | HydrolD | HydroCode | FType | Name | JunctionID | $\wedge$ |
|  | 37 | Point | 1000042 | 417787 | 2 | ROUND MOU | <Null> |  |
|  | 38 | Point | 1000043 | 417983 | 2 | SAN MARCO | <Null> |  |
|  | 39 | Point | 1000044 | 418187 | 2 | SEGUIN 1 | <Null> |  |
|  | 40 | Point | 1000045 | 418358 | 2 | SISTERDAL | <Null> |  |
|  | 41 | Point | 1000046 | 418415 | 2 | SMITHVILL | <Null> |  |
|  | 42 | Point | 1000047 | 418544 | 2 | SPRING BR | <Null> |  |
|  | 43 | Point | 1000048 | 418877 | 2 | TEAGUE RA | <Null> |  |
|  | 44 | Point | 1000049 | 419815 | 2 | WIMBERLEY | <Null> |  |
|  | 45 | Point | 1000001 | 08171000 | 1 | Blanco River At Wimberley Tx | 2 |  |
|  | 46 | Point | 1000002 | 08171300 | 1 | Blanco River Nr Kyle Tx | 4 |  |
|  | 47 | Point | 1000003 | 08172400 | 1 | Plum Creek At Lockhart Tx | 3 |  |
|  | 48 | Point | 1000004 | 08170500 | 1 | San Marcos R At San Marcos Tx | 1 |  |
|  | 49 | Point | 1000005 | 08172000 | 1 | San Marcos River At Luling Tx | 5 | $\checkmark$ |
| Record: 14 4 |  | 1 | Show: | All Select | d Reco | ds (0 out of 49 Selected.) | Options - |  |


a) Indicate which of these attribute tables is a feature class and which is an object class and why?
b) Plot the time series of streamflow in the San Marcos River at San Marcos for the period for which data is visible in these tables. The flow values shown are in cubic feet per second.
c) Indicate the maximum flow and date of maximum flow in the San Marcos River at San Marcos for this period.
(d) What is the volume of water $\left(\mathrm{ft}^{3}\right)$ that flowed past the gage on the San Marcos River at San Marcos between June 1 and June 17, 2000?
5. (a) Given the following grid of elevations, identify any cells that are pits (sinks) in the grid by drawing a circle around the elevation in that cell. Label the pit cells with the elevation they would have once the pits are filled. Focus only on the ungrayed center cells. The grayed edge cells can by definition not be pits because the elevations off the area shown are not known.

Grid cell size 100m

| 40 | 43 | 39 | 44 | 40 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43 | 44 | $\mathbf{A}_{40}$ | 41 | 40 |
| 42 | 45 | 38 | 44 | 42 |
| 43 | 45 | 43 | 43 | 38 |
| 42 | 42 | 41 | 41 | 40 |

(b). Determine the flow direction grid using the 8 -direction pour point method (D8) and pit filled elevations (from part a). Indicate the flow direction by using an arrow in each cell on the grid below. Again do this only for the ungrayed center cells as the flow directions for edge cells can not be unambiguously determined.

Flow direction grid. Indicate values with arrows.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

(c). Determine the flow accumulation grid corresponding to the D8 flow directions. Label each cell with the number of upstream cells draining into it (ESRI convention), again only for the ungrayed center cells.

Flow accumulation grid, fill in values. Grid cell size 100 m .

d) Indicate the outline of the watershed draining into grid cell A on the figure above and calculate its area (cell size $=100 \mathrm{~m}$ ).

